

Cantus      A - mi - cus me - us o - scu-li      me tra - di-dit sig -

Altus      A - mi - cus me - us o-scu - li      me tra - di - dit sig -

Tenor      o - scu-li      me tra - di-dit sig -

Bassus      o - scu-li      me tra - di-dit sig -

8

C      no: i - pse est te - ne - te e - um: hoc malum

A      no: i-pse est te - ne - te e - um: hoc malum fe-cit sig -

T      8 no: quem o-scula-tus fu-e-ro, i - pse est, te - ne - te e - um: hoc

B      no: quem o-scula-tus fu-e-ro, i - pse est te - ne - te e - um: hoc malum fe-cit sig -

Musical score for four voices (C, A, T, B) in G minor, 16th century style. The score consists of four staves, each with a different vocal part: C (Soprano), A (Alto), T (Tenor), and B (Bass). The music is in common time, with a key signature of one flat. The vocal parts are separated by vertical bar lines, and the lyrics are written below each staff. The score begins at measure 16.

C  
fe - cit sig - num, qui per o - scu-lum ad - im - ple - - - vit ho - mi - ci - di - um.

A  
num qui per o - scu-lum ad - im - ple - - - vit ho - mi - ci - di - um.

T  
8 malum fecit sig-num qui per o - scu-lum ad-im-ple - - - vit ho - mi - ci - di - um.

B  
num qui per o - scu-lum ad - im - ple - - - vit ho - mi - ci - di - um.

24

C  
In - fe - lix præ - ter-mi - sit præ - ti-um san - gui - nis, et in fi - ne la - que-o

A  
In - fe - lix præ - ter-mi - sit præ - ti-um san-gui-nis, et in fi - ne la - que-o se

T  
In - fe - lix præ - ter-mi - sit præ - ti-um san-gui-nis, et in fi - ne la - que-o

B  
et in fi - ne la - que-o

33

C  
se su - spen - dit. Bo - num e - rat

A  
su-spen - dit, se su - spen - dit. Bo - num e - rat il -

T  
8 se su - spen-dit se su - spen - dit.

B  
se su - spen - dit.

Verso

The musical score consists of four staves, each representing a different voice: C (Soprano), A (Alto), T (Tenor), and B (Bass). The music is in common time and uses a key signature of one flat. The vocal parts sing Latin text, with some words appearing on multiple staves. The bass part (B) has a sustained note on the first beat of the third measure. The tenor part (T) begins on the eighth note of the first measure. The alto part (A) begins on the second note of the first measure. The soprano part (C) begins on the third note of the first measure. The score includes a section labeled "Verso" at the end of the piece.

## «Infelix» ut supra